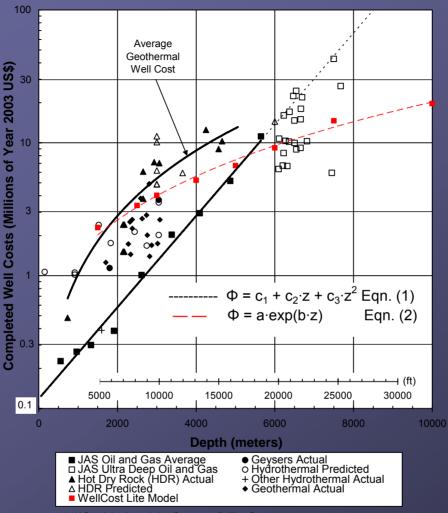
Wellcost considerations

Bill Livesay

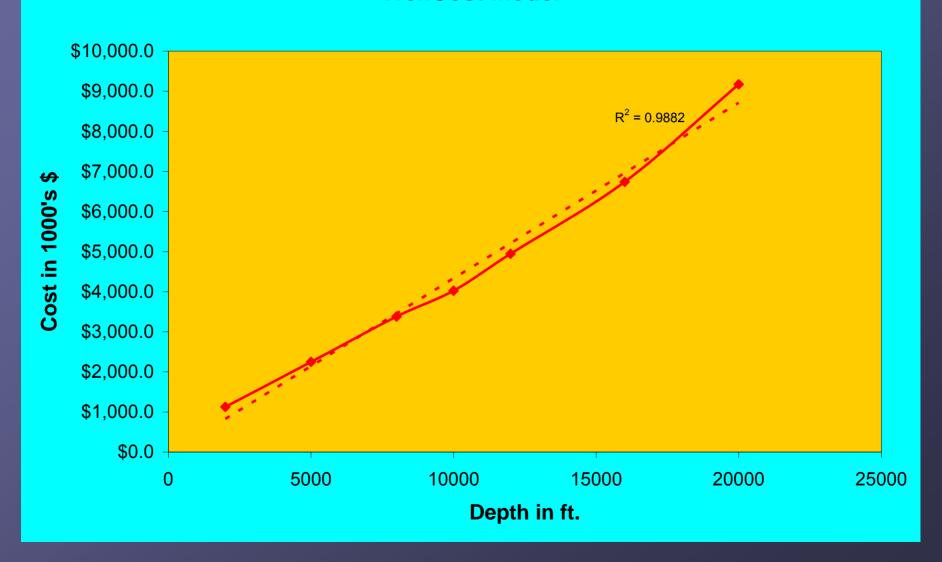
History of well cost models

- Eight Generic Geothermal Wells
- IMGEO
- Simplified Wellcost routine
- Wellcost 1996
- WellCost Lite
- Sub-models

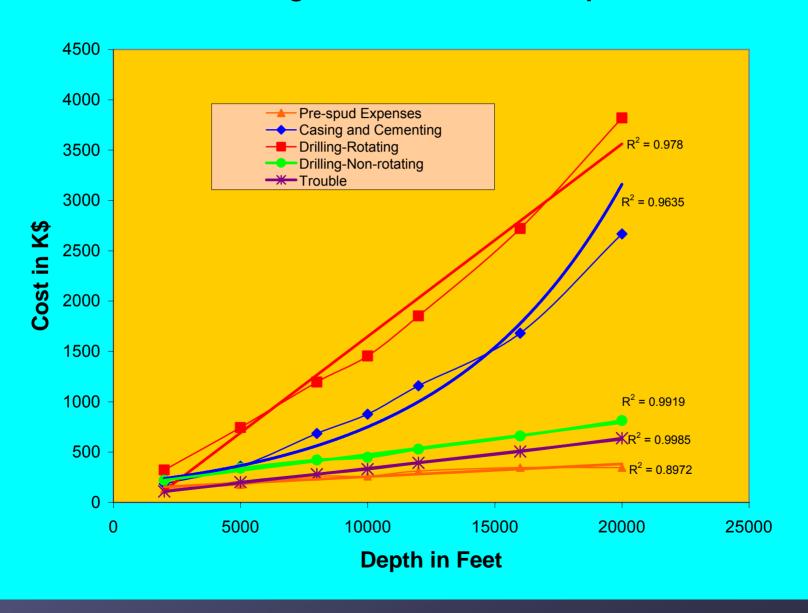


- 1. JAS = Joint Association Survey on Drilling Costs.
- Well costs updated to US\$ (yr. 2003) using index made from 3-year moving average for each depth interval listed in JAS (1976-2003) for onshore, completed US oil and gas wells. A 17% inflation rate was assumed for years pre-1976.
- 3. Ultra deep well data points for depth greater than 6 km are either individual wells or averages from a small number of wells listed in JAS (1994-2002).
- 4. "Geothermal Actual" data include some non-US wells (Mansure, 2004)

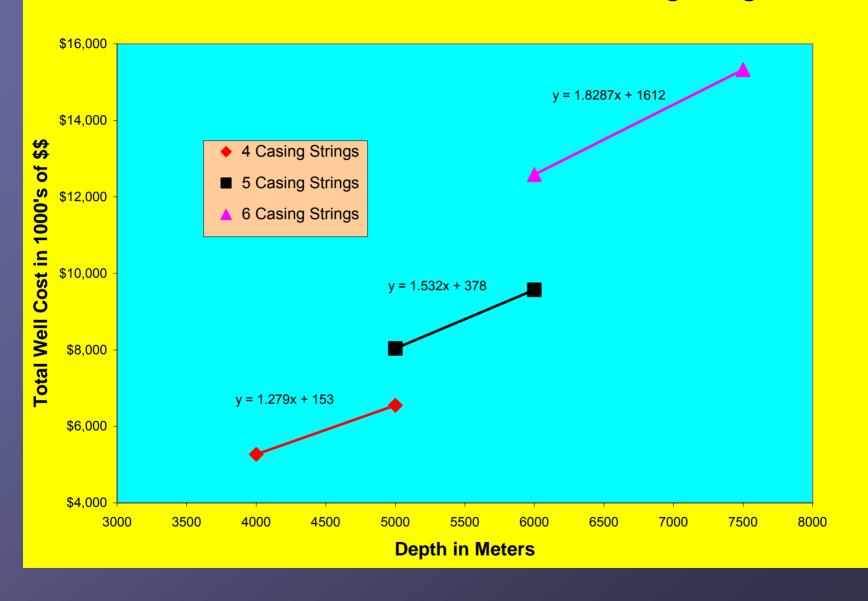
Total Cost of Drilling for Geothermal Wells Costed Using WellCost Model



Drilling Cost Elements with Depth



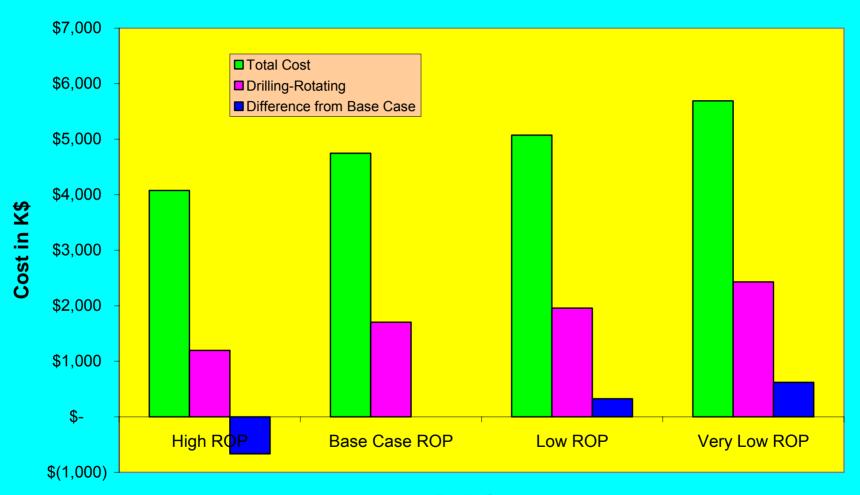
Cost Variation with Addition of Extra Casing Strings



Wellcost issues

- Trouble costs
- Geological areas
- What should a geothermal well cost?
- Optimization concepts
- Comparison to Oil and Gas wells

Effect of ROP on Cost of Drilling



ROP Case

Variation of Production diameter

- Low temperature resources and EGS resources may require pumping
- Shaft drive pumps
- Electric submersibles
- Limitations
 - Shaft drive pumps
 - ESP pumping
- Other possibilities

Potential problems drilling in oil and gas areas

- Additional casing strings
- Well design
- Well control issues
- Fracture gradient
- Pore pressure variations
- Drilling fluid pressure
- Loss of hole

Trouble costs

- Lost circulation
 - Cost submodel
 - Frequency
- Stuck pipe and fishing
- Directional drilling
- Cementing failures
 - Squeezes
 - Top jobs
 - Tremmie pipe use
 - Twin streaming with Sodium Silicate

WellCost Lite

- Input pages
- Revised input pages
- Wellcost pages
- AFE pages
- Description pages
- Alternative outputs

AFE pages

- Similar to company planning document
- Totals with and without contingency
- Transferred to description page